|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Request for testing no. | | | | |
|  | General information about the client |  |  |
|  | Client: |  |  |
|  | Company registration number: |  |  |
|  | Adress: |  |  |
|  | Phone number: |  |  |
|  | E-mail adress: |  |  |
|  | Contact person: |  |  |
|  | Sample specification: |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Itm. num. | Standard used | Evaluation method |  |
| 1. | EN ISO 3126:2005 | Determination of dimensions |  |
| 2. | EN ISO 9969:2016 | Determination of ring stiffness |  |
| 3. | EN ISO 13968:2008 | Determination of ring flexibility |  |
| 4. | EN ISO 3127:2017 | Round-the-clock method |  |
| 5. | EN ISO 11173:2017 | Staircase method |  |
| 6. | EN ISO 580:2005 | Methods for visually assessing the effects of heating |  |
| 7. | EN ISO 13254:2017 | Test method for watertightness |  |
| 8. | EN ISO 1167-(1-4):2007 | Determination of the resistance to internal pressure |  |
| 9. | EN ISO 1133-1:2011 | Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) |  |
| 10. | EN ISO 1183-1:2019 | Methods for determining the density of non-cellular plastics |  |
| 11. | EN 12099:1997 | Determinatiom of volatile content |  |
| 12. | EN ISO 13263:2017 | Test method for impact strength |  |
| 13. | EN ISO 2505:2005 | Longitudinal reversion |  |
| 14. | EN ISO 2507-1:2017 | Vicat softening temperature |  |
| 15. | EN ISO 6259-1:2015 | Determination of tensile properties |  |
| 16. | EN ISO 6259-3:2015 | Determination of tensile properties -Polyolefin pipes |  |
| 17. | ISO 12091:1995 | Structured-wall thermoplastics pipes – Oven test |  |
| 18. | EN ISO 11357-3:2018 | Determination of temperature and enthalpy of melting and crystallization |  |
| 19. | EN ISO 11357-6:2018 | Determination of oxidation induction time (OIT) |  |
| 20. | ISO 9854:1994 | Determination of pendulum impact strength by the Charpy method |  |
| 21. | ISO 17454:2006 | Test method for the adhesion of the different lazers using a pulling rig |  |
| 22. | EN ISO 9852:2017 | Dichloromethane resistance at specified temperature (DCMT) |  |
| 23. | [ISO 18553:2002](https://iss.rs/sr_Cyrl/project/show/iso:proj:31177) | Method for the assessment of the degree of pigment of carbon black dispersion in polyolefin pipes, fittings and compounds |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Remark: | Duration of test 1000 h, test temperature 80°C; hoop stress 5 MPa |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Date: |  | The applicant: |

**Fills by the Laboratory- Testing Laboratory**

Request review

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Requirement adequately defined | ☐ Yes ☐ No |
| Subsequent filled request | ☐ Yes ☐ No |
| Declaration of conformity with specification required | ☐ Yes ☐ No |
| Laboratory has the resources to meet the requirements | ☐ Yes ☐ No |
| There is a potential risk to impartialityrre | ☐ Yes ☐ No |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Request reviewed by: |  | |
| Datum of review: |  | |
| Accepted | YES | NO |
| Reference : | | |

Note:

**Disclaimer of the laboratory in case of analysis of submitted samples:**

No liability is accepted for the accuracy and completeness of the information received.

The results are applied to the sample as received.

**General terms and conditions can be found on the website www.pestan.net**

By submitting this request, we agree with the general terms and conditions